

Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifierProduct name **FLYTRIN****1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**Intended use **Emulsionable insecticide for professional use****1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Name **COLKIM S.r.l.**
Full address **Via Piemonte, 50**
District and Country **40064 OZZANO EMILIA (BO)**
Italia
Tel. 051 / 799445
Fax 051 / 797555

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

Product distribution by:

info@colkim.it
COLKIM S.r.l. - Via Piemonte, 50 - 40064 OZZANO E. (BO)

1.4. Emergency telephone number.For urgent inquiries refer to. **118**

Contact a poison control center:

| Poison Control Center | Address | Telephone Number |
|--|--|------------------|
| CAV "Osp. Pediatrico Bambino Gesù" | P.zza Sant'Onofrio, 4 – 00165 Roma (RM) | 06 68593726 |
| Az. Osp. Univ. Foggia | V.le Luigi Pinto, 1 – 71122 Foggia (FG) | 0881 732326 |
| Az. Osp. "A. Cardarelli" | Via A. Cardarelli, 9 – 80131 Napoli (NA) | 081 7472870 |
| CAV Policlinico "Umberto I" | V.le del Policlinico, 155 – 00161 Roma (RM) | 06 49978000 |
| CAV Policlinico "A. Gemelli" | Largo Agostino Gemelli, 8 – 00168 Roma (RM) | 06 3054343 |
| Az. Osp. "Careggi" U.O. Tossicologia Medica | Largo Brambilla, 3 – 50134 Firenze (FI) | 055 7947819 |
| CAV Centro Nazionale di Informazione Tossicologica | Via Salvatore Maugeri, 10 – 27100 Pavia (PV) | 0382 24444 |
| Osp. Niguarda Ca' Granda | P.zza Ospedale Maggiore, 3 – 20162 Milano (MI) | 02 66101029 |
| Azienda Ospedaliera Papa Giovanni XXII | P.zza OMS, 1 – 24127 Bergamo (BG) | 800883300 |

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Eye irritation, category 2

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin sensitization, category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity,
category 1

H317
H410

May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Warning

Hazard statements:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P302+P352 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
P305+P351+P338 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.
P391 Collect spillage.
P501 Dispose containers and the content according to the applicable national regulation

Contains:

PERMETHRIN

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

| Identification | Conc. % | Classification 1272/2008 (CLP) |
|--|---------|--|
| DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER CAS 34590-94-8 EC 252-104-2 INDEX - Reg. no. 01-2119450011-60 | 82 - 86 | Substance with a community workplace exposure limit. |
| PERMETHRIN CAS 52645-53-1 EC 258-067-9 INDEX 613-058-00-2 | 6 | Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1000 |
| Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-(linear)alkyl derivs., calcium salt | | |

| | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------------------|
|  | COLKIM S.r.l. | Revision nr. 2 |
| | FLYTRIN | Dated 05/02/2018 Page n. 3/11 |

| | | |
|----------------|---------|--|
| CAS 26264-06-2 | 1,5 - 2 | Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 |
|----------------|---------|--|

2-ethylhexan-1-ol

| | | |
|---------------|---------|--|
| CAS. 104-76-7 | 1 – 1,5 | Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335 |
| CE. 203-234-3 | | |

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

| | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------------------|
|  | COLKIM S.r.l. | Revision nr. 2 |
| | FLYTRIN | Dated 05/02/2018 Page n. 4/11 |

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

| | | |
|-----|----------------|---|
| GBR | United Kingdom | EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits |
| ITA | Italia | Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 |
| EU | OEL EU | Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC. |
| | TLV-ACGIH | ACGIH 2017 |

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Threshold Limit Value

| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | |
|-----------|---------|--------|-----|------------|-----|------|
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | |
| WEL | GBR | 308 | 50 | | | SKIN |
| VLEP | ITA | 308 | 50 | | | SKIN |
| OEL | EU | 308 | 50 | | | SKIN |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 606 | 100 | 909 | 150 | SKIN |

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Appearance | liquid |
| Colour | Transparent |
| Odour | characteristic |
| Odour threshold | N.A. |
| pH | 4,5 - 5,5 |
| Melting point / freezing point | N.A. |
| Initial boiling point | N.A. |
| Boiling range | N.A. |
| Flash point | > 60 °C |
| Evaporation Rate | N.A. |
| Flammability of solids and gases | Not applicable |
| Lower inflammability limit | Not applicable |
| Upper inflammability limit | Not applicable |
| Lower explosive limit | Not applicable |
| Upper explosive limit | Not applicable |
| Vapour pressure | N.A. |
| Vapour density | N.A. |
| Relative density | 0,995 - 1,005 |
| Solubility | N.A. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | N.A. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | N.A. |
| Decomposition temperature | N.A. |
| Viscosity | N.A. |
| Explosive properties | N.A. |
| Oxidising properties | N.A. |

9.2. Other information

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

May react with: oxidising substances. When heated to decomposition releases: harsh fumes, zinc alloys.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

Oral toxicity: acute LD50 (rat): 1476 mg/Kg (WHO > 500 mg/Kg)

Dermal acute toxicity (rabbit): LD50 > 4000 mg/Kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (rat) > 23,5 mg/L (4 h)

Adverse effects: the substance is a low toxic pyrethroid insecticide

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

PERMETHRIN

LD50 (Oral) > 2000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dermal) > 2000 mg/kg

LC50 (Inhalation).0,45 mg/L

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

LD50 (Oral) 5000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dermal) 9510 mg/kg

LC50 (Inhalation) 3,35 mg/l/4h

2-ethylhexan-1-ol

LD50 (Orale).2047 mg/kg

LD50 (Cutanea).> 3000 mg/kg

LC50 (Inalazione).3,095 mg/kg

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and highly toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity**PERMETHRIN**

LC50 - for Fish

0,145 mg/l/96h PESCI Carpa (Cyprinus carpio)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

> 0,022 mg/l/72h ALGHE(Scenedesmus subspicatus)

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL
ETHER

| | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| LC50 - for Fish | 10000 mg/l/96h |
| EC50 - for Crustacea | 1919 mg/l/48h |
| EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants | 6999 mg/l/72h |
| Chronic NOEC for Crustacea | 0,5 mg/l |

| | |
|----------------------|---------------|
| 2-ethylhexan-1-ol | 17,1 mg/l/96h |
| LC50 - for Fish | |
| EC50 – for Crustacea | 39 mg/l/48h |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

| | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| Solubility in water | 1000 - 10000 mg/l |
| Rapidly degradable | |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

| | |
|--|--------|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | 0,0043 |
|--|--------|

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

The CER codes recommended (which may change according to the use) are:

CER 16.03.05* – Organic waste containing hazardous substances.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

The CER codes recommended (which may change according to the use) are:

CER 15.01.10* - Packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances.

SECTION 14. Transport information**14.1. UN number**

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 3082

ADR / RID: In accordance with Special Provision 375, this product, when is packed in receptacles of a capacity ≤ 5Kg or 5L, is not submitted to ADR provisions.

IMDG: In accordance with Section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG Code, this product, when is packed in receptacles of a capacity ≤ 5Kg or 5L, is not submitted to IMDG Code provisions.

IATA: In accordance with SP A197, this product, when is packed in receptacles of a capacity ≤ 5Kg or 5L, is not submitted to IATA dangerous goods regulations.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PERMETHRIN)
IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PERMETHRIN)
IATA: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PERMETHRIN)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 9 Label: 9



IMDG: Class: 9 Label: 9



IATA: Class: 9 Label: 9

**14.4. Packing group**

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous



IMDG: Marine Pollutant



IATA: Environmentally Hazardous

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

| | | | |
|------------|---|---|--|
| ADR / RID: | HIN - Kemler: 90 Special Provision: - | Limited Quantities: 5 L | Tunnel restriction code: (-) |
| IMDG: | EMS: F-A, S-F | Limited Quantities: 5 L | |
| IATA: | Cargo: Pass.: Special Instructions: | Maximum quantity: 450 L Maximum quantity: 450 L A97, A158, A197 | Packaging instructions: 964 Packaging instructions: 964 |

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: E1

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product Point 3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

PERMETHRIN

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information

Authorization number 11525

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 4 | Acute toxicity, category 4 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | Serious eye damage, category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | Eye irritation, category 2 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin irritation, category 2 |
| STOT SE 3 | Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitization, category 1 |
| Aquatic acute 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |

| | |
|-------------|---|
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - IFA GESTIS website
 - ECHA website
 - Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.
The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.
Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 05 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15.